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*Project I C E

ABSTRACT

This industrial arts guide, for use in grades 9-12, is one of a series of guides, K-12, that were developed by teachers to help introduce environmental education into the total curriculum. The guides are supplementary in design, containing a serie of episodes (minilessons) that focus on the economical use of materials and resources and the problems of economic gain versus environmental loss. The episodes are built around 12 major environmental concepts that form a framework for each grade or subject area, as well as for the entire K-12 program. Although the same concepts are used throughout the K-12 program, emphasis is placed on different aspects of each concept at different grade levels or in different subject areas. This guide focuses on aspects such as plastics, power mechanics, and graphic arts. The 12 concepts are covered in one of the episodes contained in the guide. Further, each episode offers subject area integration, subject area activities, interdisciplinary activities, cognitive and affective behavioral objectives, and suggested references and resource materials useful to teachers and students. (Author/TK)



TORRESON OF THE COMMENT OF THE COMME THE BUILDING BURNESS TOWN CORPEDENTED Robert J. Warpinski Project I-C-E AB 1317 PER OF THE SON OF THE STATE OF THE SON OF THE S

PROJECT I - C - E
(Instruction-Curriculum-Environment)
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Serving All Schools in Cooperative Educational Service Agencies 3-8-9 Wisconsin Area "B" Regional Project

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the time of the introduction of in the United States Congress. Quality Education Act was proposed that legislation, I stated: In 1969, the First Environmental

FORWARD TO PROJECT I-C-E ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION GUIDES

all become stewards for the pre-servation of life on our resourcedeficient planet." ecological catastrophe. We must creasing threat of irreversible Nation's environment and the inthe ominous deterioration of the the understanding by Americans of "There is a dire need to improve

continuing degradation of our air and water, and the discussion over ronmental quality of this nation against pollution have all quate energy resources, the The intensive concern over adereinforce the great need for efpassed by the Congress, much has happened in the United States to Environmental Education Act was numan race. to a concern not merely of aesthebrought the question of the envifective environmental education tics but of the survival of the the economic costs of the war for the Nation's young people. In the three years since the

public in the quality of our lives The intense interest by the

> sources of pollution. That is necessary, but not sufficient."
> The race between education and catastrophe can be won by educasaving our environment through the process of education. as affected by the environment clearly indicates that we cannot confront the long-term approach to tions to industry and other just use incentives and prescripin a systematic manner and squarely tion if we marshall our resources

constantly are feeling the backlash longer an endless frontier. place and role. Our world is no nature, we must reexamine our efforts to achieve progress. from many of our ill-conceived As the incessant conqueror of

strong commitment to an allunder the guise of progress. much of the havoc we have wrought that new working definition of progress that is a pre-requisite education will help us to find embracing program of environmental stance as our eyes are opened to "reverence for life" is becoming less mystical and of more subon this planet. to the continued presence of life Rachel Carson's theme of

Senator Gaylord Nelson

INDUSTRIAL ARTS AND THE ENVIRONMENT

PREFACE

ages and the need to conserve. Being made aware of this is probably more important today than at anytime in the past. Newspapers, magazines, and other media are constantly reminding us of short-Industrial arts students are users of the resources that are needed by all.

of these resources and materials in a very positive way. Teachers have the opportunity and obligation to show and demonstrate economical use In industrial arts, many different kinds and types of materials are being used

steel making, exhaust emission, paper making and many others. The teacher may choose the class artivity that best fits his subject area. Not all activities must be used. Topics and terms are provided so students may do extra credit work in vironmental losses. This concept is easily related to any area of industrial arts. An example can be shown in the study of project planning, production of lumber, areas that suit their school or community. It is a known fact industry has been more interested in economic gain than en-

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Project I-C-E Environmental Education K-12 series: The interest and dedicated effort of the following teachers from Wisconsin Area "B" has led to the development of the

Ken Couillard, Hortonville Ronald Conradt, Shiocton Willard Collins, Crivitz Bill Cole, Gillett Merle Colburn, Algoma William Bohne, Kimberly Carmella Blecha, Green Bay Marie Below, Clintonville Angela Anthony, Gibraltar Kathryn Colburn, Algoma Lee Clasen, Luxemburg-Casco Bob Church, Little Chute Clifford Christensen, Winneconne Joan Charnetski, Sevastopol Gailen Braun, Lena Barbara Jean Bobrowitz, Green Bay Merlyn Blonde, Shawano Peter Biolo, W. DePere William Behring, Lourdes, Oshkosh Robert Becker, Fox Valley Luth., Appl. Bonnie Beamer, Coleman Anthony Balistreri, Howard-Suamico William Baggs, Shiocton Dr. Karold Baeten, St. Norbert, DePere Walter Anderson, Wausaukee John Anderson, Peshtigo Joan Alioto, Denmark Laura Berken, Oconto Falls Lillian Berges, Seymour Lousene Benter, Gillett Peggy Anderson, Green Bay Eugene Anderson, Peshtigo Mary Anders, Winneconne D. C. Aderhold, Bonduel David Bell, Neenah David Bartz, Sturgeon Bay Lowell Baltz, Weyauwega James Anderson, Green Bay

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PROJECT I-C-E TWELVE MAJOR ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPTS

- 1. The sun is the basic source of energy on earth. Trans-formation of sun energy to other energy forms (often begun by plant photosynthesis) provides food, fuel and power for life systems and machines.
- 2. All living organisms interact among themselves and their environment, forming an intricate unit called an ecosystem.
- 3. Environmental factors are limiting on the numbers of organisms living within their influence. Thus, each ecosystem has a carrying capacity.
- An adequate supply of clean water is essential to life.
- 5. An adequate supply of clean air is essential for life.
- 6. The distribution of natural resources and the interaction of physical environmental factors greatly affect the quality of life.

- transportation, economic conditions, population growth and increased leisure time influence changes in land use and population densities.
- 8. Cultural, economic, social, and political factors determine man's values and attitudes toward his environment.
- 9. Man has the ability to manage, manipulate and change his environment.
- 10. Short-term economic gains may produce long-term environmental losses.
- Il. Individual acts, duplicated
 or compounded, produce sig nificant environmental
 alterations over time.
- 12. Each person must exercise stewardship of the earth for the benefit of mankind.

A "Concept Rationale" booklet and a slide/tape program "Man Needs His Environment" are available from the I-C-E RMC to more fully explain these concepts.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING THIS GUIDE

This guide contains a series of episodes (mini-lesson plans), each containing a number of suggested in and out of class learning activities. The episodes are built around 12 major environmental concepts that form a framework for each grade or subject area, as well as for the entire K-12 program. Further, each episode offers subject area integration, multi-cable, both cognitive and affective behavioral objectives and suggested reference and resource materials useful to the teacher and students.

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- in design—it is not a complete course of study, nor is its arrangement sequential. You can teach environmentally within the context of your course of study or units by integrating the many ideas and activities suggested.
- 2. The suggested learning activities are departures from regular text or curriculum programs, while providing for skill development.

- 3. You decide when any concepts, objectives, activities and resources can conveniently be included in your unit.
- 4. All episodes can be adapted, modified, or expanded thereby providing great flexibility for any teaching situation.
- while each grade level or subject area has its own topic or unit emphasis, inter-grade coordination or subject area articulation to avoid duplication and overlap is highly recommended for any school or district seeking effective implementation.

This total K-12 environmental education series is the product of 235 classroom teachers from Northeastern Wisconsin. They created, used, revised and edited these guides over a period of four years. To this first step in the 1,000 mile journey of human survival, we invite you to take the second step-by using this guide and by adding your own inspirations along the way.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Industrial Arts

	10 17 17		Concept
Book Six - Graphic Arts Laser Beam and Type Composition Crowding in the Shop Paper Manufacture Treatment of Waste Water Harmful Vapors Water Shortage Packaging for Recycling Plate-making Noise Pollution Depleting Natural Resources Disposal of Rotogravure Plates Ownership of Industry vs. Rights of Ownership Extra Credit Topics and Terms	How Plastic is Used in Leisure Time Vehicles Plastics in Furniture Plastic Identification and Recycling Disposal of Used Plastic Products Recycling Plastics Rights of Others Extra Credit Topics and Terms	Book Five - Plastics Origin of Plastics Polymerization Fastening of Plastics Mold Release Plastic and Air Treatment Plastic Products Serving as Conservers of Natural Resources	E. E. Orientation
37 41 43 45 55 55 57	33 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	13 17 17	Page No.



Extra Credit Topics and Terms

Waste of Power Supplies



• .

Publications:

Woodworker Annual, Volume 73, V. J. Taylor, Drake Publishers, 440 Park Avenue, South New York Avenue, South New York, New York 10016. Plastics Technology, Robert S. Swanson, McKnight & McKnight, Booomington, Illinois. General Plastics Proj. & Proc. Raymond Cherry, McKnight & McKnight, Bloomington, Illinois.

Audio-Visual:

#51778, Origin & Synthesis of Plastic Materials, University of Illinois, Champaign, Illinois.

Community:

Chemistry instructor. Rep. plastic industry.

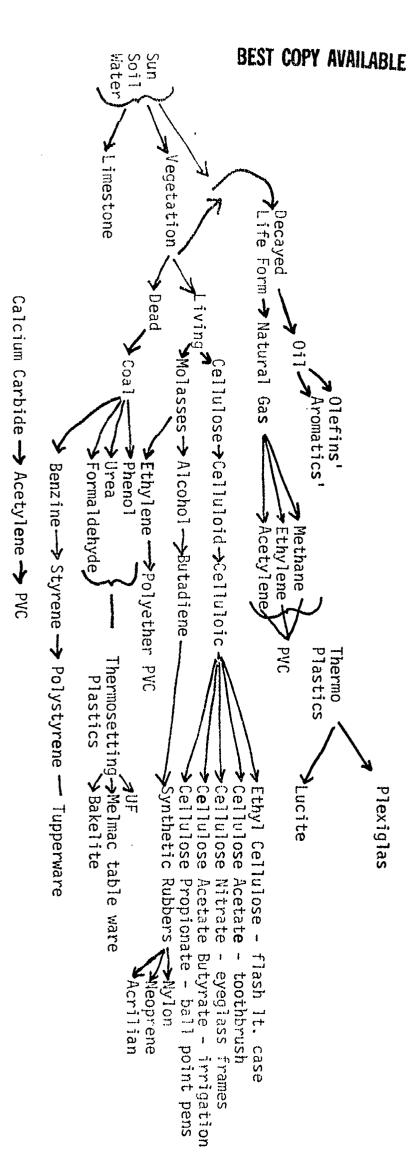
CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Develop method of simple tests composed of burning - smelling - scratching to identify types of plastics.

Pg. 70, Woodworking Annual, Volume 73.



ORIGIN OF PLASTICS



Integrated with:

Environmental:		integrated with:	
CONCEPT NO.	2 Ecosystem	SUBJECT Inc	Industrial Arts (9-12)
CRIENTATION	Polymerization	TOPIC/UNIT Pla	Plastics

9:	Comitive:	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	
	In-Class:	STUDENT-CENTERED LEA	
	Outside or Community:	TERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	

A Define polymerization -"Meros" = parts "Poly" = many

B A

Chemistry teacher.

opportunities. Counselor-Job

polymerization process.

ne polymerization. Diagram

- æ Diagram how many parts of monomer link together to form new material.
- <u>.</u> an ecosystem. Relate polymerization to
- Compare individual molecules to individual people.
- ~ working together, in ecosystem, in an molecules to people Compare linking of economic system.

ω • other careers or job Compare links to careers which affect fields, related industries.

Skills Used:

The process of polymerization.
The working of an ecosystem.

SUGGESTED RESOURCES Publications:

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Cope's Plastics Book, Dwight Cope Goodheart-Willcox. General Plastics, Raymond Cherry McKnight & McKnight. Job Opportunities Handbook.

Audio-Visual:

Chemistry chart showing polymerization.

Community:

Chemistry teacher.



***	E. S. E. A. Titie III — PROJECT I—C—E 59—70—0135—	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	····	
Skills Used: I. Types and methods of plastic joinery. 2. Joint testing and evaluation. 3. Chart making.	Develop a chart listing the methods of joining plastics, examples of these methods, and breaking points of the joints. Demonstrate one of the procedures used to test the strength of a plastic. Explain how the breaking point of a plastic is similar; different from that of an environment. Affective: Realize that each joining method or system has a definite load limit that must be exceeded before failing.	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Fastening of Pla	CONCEPT NO. 3 - Carrying Capacity	Environmental:
occur. 2. Water main(same) 3. Job opportunitiesload limit in local community.	A. Demonstrate methods of joining plastics. (Show, tell and do.) 1. Cohesion a. Solvent cementing b. Thermal welding 2. Adhesicn a. Adhesive (different from either of materials). 3. Mechanical linkage a. Screws b. Rivets c. Bolts and nuts d. Spring clips G. Using equipment available, test to determine how much of a load each joint will carry before failing. C. By brainstorming, relate carrying capacity of examples in our environment. 1. Street—can handle only so much before problems	STUDENT-CENTERED LEA	Plastics TOPIC/UNIT	acity SUBJECT	Integrated with:
and with the control of the control	A. Chemistry teacher. B. Representative of plastics industry to discuss methods of joining plastics. (i.e. DuPont, etc.) C. Various local people discussing area job possibilities.	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Plastics	Industrial Arts (10-12)	

Publications:

Robert S. Swanson McKnight & McKnight. McKnight & McKnight. General Plastics, Plastics Technology, Raymond Cherry

Audio-Visual:

Actual samples of joints. Transparency series.

Community:

Plastics Industry Rep. (i.e. DuPont) Schwichtenberg-Polyfoam Lester Prarie, Minn.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

- Create larger chart for class room use of a. types of joints
- methods of making them
- breaking points.
- 2 Have students find samples of different types
- ယ of joints and use these to supplement chart (#1) to produce multi-media display. Have students perform same type of research with other materials used in industrial arts and present their results.
- used for plastics as well as other materials. Prepare list of standard fasteners that are



S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135-4		
	ORIENTATION Mold Release	Environmental: CONCEPT NO. 4 - Water
of water mold student will lutants added this process. l alcohol particles. l develop plan water used in ease process. tion treatment l present debate heir plan" to teacher.	WIT RED	Integrated with:
A. Rep. from an area plant that does plastic molding. B. Engineer from local sewage treatment plant.	Plastics LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Industrial Arts (9-12)

E.

Skills Used:

Methods of mold release.
Methods to reclaim water
used in the mold release
process.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Fiber Glass Projects and Procedures. Gerald L. Steele
McKnight & McKnight.

Audio-Visual:

Teacher-developed slides.

Community:

Rep. from an area plastic molding plant.
Engineer from local sewage treatment plant.



	E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-	59-70-0135-4	4	
1. Filtration principles. 2. Uses of plastic products for air filtration. 3. Limitations of plastics and filtration. 4. Research techniques.	S sea	Cognitive: Select a "plastic" that best suit a specific air cleaning task, and explain how it will clean the air. Describe properties of a plastic needed	ORIENTATION Plastic and Air I	Environmental: CONCEPT NO. 5 - Air
כמון כופמון פוור מון •		A. Bean bag discussion: How are plastics used to purify airgive a specific example: 1. Furnace filters 2. Vacuum cleaner filter	Treatment TOPIC/UNIT P STUDENT-CENTERED LEA	Integrated with:
17	devices they use, and obtain examples where possible. Sample questions for the interview: 1. What particular air pollution do you have at this plant? 2. How are you controlling this problem? 3. How successful have your efforts been? B. Air filtration specialist, (heat and vent contractor).		Plastics LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Industrial Arts (9-12)

SUGGESTED RESOURCES CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

manufacturers. Literature from various filter

- Develop a collection of plastic filtration media.
- The students will organize a clean-your-furnace-filter drive, to promote better furnace operation. Results:

 a. Efficiency increased
- Shorter burn time--less air pollution Cost reduction in operation
- **ω** Develop test to measure amount or % of particulant removed by various "air filtering devices."

Audio-Visual:

Teacher-developed transparency set.

Community:

Heat and vent contractor.



Publications:

Madison, Wisconsin. Wisconsin Geography,
Dept. of Public Instruction
126 Langlon Street

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

In-Class: (Continued)

- Commercial factors Accessibility
- Natural resources, etc.

Audio-Visual:

Champaign, Illinois. Film: Basic Elements of Production, #60196, Univ. of Illinois

Community:

(if possible).
Chamber of Commerce individual to explain in-coming or out-going industries and their effect on the community and quality of life. Plastics manufacturing personnel



	E. S. E. A. Title III -	PH	OJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135-4	~A+4a
Skills Used: 1. Uses of plastic in transportation. 2. How the plastic industry has changed the economy.	Investigate the ways that plastic has changed the leisure time vehicle industry. Deliberately examine several types of leisure time vehicles to determine the extent of the reduction in natural resources, for each person of capacity.	Affective:	Environmental: CONCEPT NO. 7 - Land Use CONCEPT NO. 7 - Land Use ORIENTATION Yehicles BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES Cognitive: List ten plastic products used in leisure time vehicles. Describe several changes in the environment directly resulting from use of plastics that are: a. harmful b. beneficial	
		conomic condi	SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT	*
		developed.	Plastics Plastics Plastics Cutside or Community: A. Rep. from area plant which produces plastic products used in leisure time vehicles. B. Students interview local businessmen in companies recently affected. C. Students contact local and nearby Chambers of Commerce for population and economic changes per products	

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Fiber Glass Projects and Procedures, Gerald L. Steele
McKnight & McKnight.
Plastics Technology,
Robert S. Swanson
McKnight & McKnight.

Audio-Visual:

Plastics and Fiberglass: University of Illinois Champaign, Illinois.

Community:

Rep. from area plastics plant.



CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

SUGGESTED RESOURCES

Publications:

Advanced Woodworking and Furniture Making,
John Feirer & Gilbert Hutc-ings
Cha. A. Bennett Company.
Fiber Glass Projects and Procedures,
Gerald L. Steele
McKnight & McKnight.

Audio-Visual:

Plastics: Industrial Processes and Products, #86000 Univ. of Illinois Champaign, Illinois.

Community:

Rep. from area plastic molding plant. Local furniture dealer.



######################################	E. S. E. A.	Title III —	PROJECT I-	C-E 59-7	0-0135-	4	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		W-10-07-
Skills Used: 1. Testing plastics 2. Recycling procedure 3. Letter writing 4. Brainstorming	plastic objects will probably never be recycled because this would be in conflict with the values of our society.	Propose that the cost of in- jection and thermoforming pro- jects can be held down by the addition of recycleable plastics. Argue the position that some	Affective:	thermoplastics, suggest at least two 2nd lives for the thermosets. Explain recycling of plastics.	Cognitive: Test fcur samples and correctly identify them; recycle the	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Plastic Identification	CONCEPT NO. 9 - Management	Environmental:
sons why we should be concerned about the problem presented in 1 D-2. (Results should relate directly to Concept #9.) F. Recycle thermoplastics in shop procedure. Test designsee attached sheet.		problem. Thermosetting plastic does present a problem. 1. Why does the manufacturer luse this type? Write and	1. Thermoplastic (Recycleable) 2. Thermoset (Non-recycleable) 3. Identify-specific type. C. Since the thermoplastic is re-	rainers and per who le lass to le lass to le lastic is:	dent will bring a sam- three different dis-	STUDENT-CENTERED LEAR	and Recycling TOPIC/UNIT	SUBJECT I	Integrated with:
. 25				B. Representative from plastics industry to discuss their particular recycling efforts.	Art teacher to from thermoset		Plastics	Industrial Arts (7-12)	

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Woodworkers Annual, Vol. 73, V. J. Taylor, Drake Pub. Ltd. General Plastics, Raymond Cherry, McKnight & McKnight, Bloomington, Illinois.

Audio-Visual:

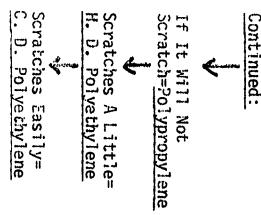
Teacher/student-developed charts--displays--transparencies.

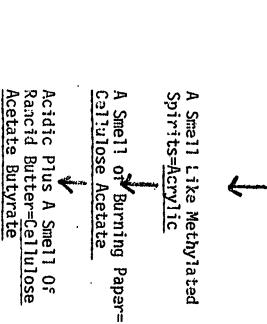
Community:

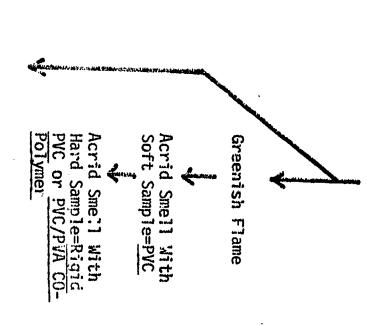


Type 👃 and The Sliver Turns Dark Attempt to Light Chips it is a Thermosetting A Polyolefin Brown/Black=Phenoformaldehyde If the Smell is Phenolic The Sliver Plastic If The Result is Powdery Fingernail Scratch With Floats It Is Place The Sliver In Soapy Water If The Noise Is Dull and Smell Sinks, Burn A Small Flame-Blow Out the Flame Flame and Ease of Burning. Piece and Observe The Burns With a Yellow Melamine Formaldehyde Brightly Colored=Urea, The Sliver Is White Or If The Smell Is Fishy and Off Thin Sliver From Sample Cut Styrene=Polystyrene Single Smell Of Note Color Of Flame While Burns With Difficulty Ign'i ted The Smoke. Then It Is Styrene Base. Burn The Sliver & Smell Drop The Sliver on To A Hard Surface From A Height Confirm, Place a Piece Of Hot Metal To The Sliver It Should Melt or Go Soft) If the Noise Is Metallic Of About 2 1/2 to 3' It is a Thermoplastic (To If The Sliver Cut Smoothly As Styrene With A Bitter Smell As Well Smell of Rubber= Polymer

FIELD TESTED
TEST DESIGN







28

Yellow Flame

Smell Smoke. Smell Of Burning Hair Plus Threads Forming When A Piece Of Cold Metal Is Touched To the Hot Surface & Drawn Away= Nylon

Pel 7/72

	E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135-	-4	
Skills Used: 1. Methods of disposal of used wood, metal, glass and plastic products.	Cognitive List the ways plastic has re- placed wood, metal, and glass due to economic factors. Describe several problems of plastic disposal, that had not been problems for wood products. Evaluate the effect of the use of plastic, as a substitute for wood products or glass, on the environment and give your reasons. Affective: Choose to buy products made of or contained in recycle- able raterials rather than thermoplastics. Promote the use of more recycleable and renewable materials in- stead of plastics derived from fossil fuels.	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	Environmental: CONCEPT NO. 10 - Economic Plance ORIENTATION Disposal of Used
2. Develop possible methods of disposal.	A. Students will develop a list of products once made of metal, wood or glass and now, because of economic factors, made of plastic. B. Students will study methods of dispcsing of used products made of w-od, metal, glass and plastic. 1. metal-recycle 2. glass-recycle 3. wood-burn, salvage 4. plastic a. thermoset b. thermoset b. thermoplastic-recycle C. Students will study the problem of disposal of thermosetting plastics. 1. Study current problems of disposal. a. Can not burn in normal fire b. Does not decay	STUDENT-CENTERED L	Planning SUBJECT SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT
29	A. Operator of Recycling Center to discuss recycling of wood, metal, plastic, glass. B. Visit a hammer mill.	F Outside or Community	Industrial Arts (9-12) Plastics

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Plastics Technology, Robert S. Swanson McKnight & McKnight. Industrial Arts Plastics, Lauton Edwards Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.

•

Audio-Visual:

Plastics: Industrial Processes and Products, #86000, Univ. of Illinois Champaign, Illinois.

Community:

Operator of recycling center.



**************************************	E. S. E. A. Title III - PRO	OJECT I-C-E 59-70-0	135-4			
Skills Used: 1. Preparing material for recycling. 2. Operation of the granulator. 3. Testing plastics. 4. Record keeping.	Affective: Attempt to understand the cause-effect relationship utilized in recycling thermoplastics.	List four advantages of recycling thermoplastics and how this action will affect the environment. a. quality b. amount of non-renewable resources	gnitive:	ORIENTATION Recycling Plastics BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	Environmental: CONCEPT NO	
4. conservation of natural resources.	nula teri nnd d nnd o nnd o l we cost cost Fin Fin Fin Scus scus scus scus scus scus scus scus			TOPIC/UNIT	Acts SUBJECT I	integrated with:
		A. Sanitary engineer to discuss disposal of plastic material. B. Chemistry teacher. C. Rep. from plastic industry to discuss recycling. D. Set up collection stations for "throw away" plastic articles and maintain same.	Outside or Community:	ARNING ACTIVITIES	Industrial Arts (7-12)	

Publications:

Woodworkers Annual, Vol. 73
V. J. Taylor, Drake Pub. Ltd.
440 Park Ave., South, N. Y. 10016.
General Plastics,
Raymond Cherry
McKnight & McKnight
Bloomington, Illinois.

Audio-Visual:

Garbage, Project ICE RMC #260. Recycling, Film, ICE RMC #500.

Community:

Sanitary engineer. Chemistry teacher. Rep. from plastics industry.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

 Do long term record keeping over the years so that a greater impact value is developed.



		E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135-	T			**********	
actions	Skills Used: i. Proportions. 2. Accuracy in measuring. 3. Set-up times of resins. 4. Responsibility of own	Describe three consequences that might result if the previous "owner" encroached on I rights. List cause and effective: Affective: Accepts the fact that his actions determine the quality of the project and work of all his classmates involved. Accept the challenge for assisting in the process of bettering the environment, instead of saying "The other generation did it, therefore I am not responsible."	- 1	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION	CONCEPT NO.	Environmental:
	easuring. of resins.	three consequences ht result if the pre- wner" encroached on his List cause and effect prior management of resource. the fact that his determine the quality roject and work of classmates involved. he challenge for ig the environment, of saying "The other on did it, therefore, responsible."		TIVES	Rights of Others	12 - Stewardship	
	use it. 2. If batch thorough and resulution be worth.	Understanding should be that when a person is we an individual effort, the machines, tools, etc. he are "his" to use until his hed. He is also responsed these materials. Thus, dent is the "owner" of materials being used. A. Demonstration and expected on fibers mix preparation. 1. Ingredients (single as a single as a single and gets resingle and gets resingle and gets resingle and gets and not the entire mass worthless and not student will be	la Class:	STUD	ers	hip	
(Continued)	use it. If batch of resin is not thoroughly mixed, the resin and resulting product will be worthless.	anding should be realized an a person is working in vidual effort, the materials, tools, etc. he is using in to use until he is using the is also responsible for a terials. Thus, the stutterials. Thus, the stuterials. Thus, the stuterials. Thus, the stuterials or items or iteacher on fiberglass resinteacher on fiberglass resinteacher on fiberglass resinteacher in failures as a lit of improper preparation. If "owner" is not careful and gets resin or hardener into main storage of other worthless and no other student will be able to		STUDENT-CENTERED LEA	TOPIC/UNIT	SUBJECT	Integrated with:
	2.)		Outside or Community:	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Plastics	Industrial Arts (10-12)	
w w						2)	

SUGGESTED RESOURCES **Publications:** CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Fiber-Glass, Gerald L. Steele McKnight & McKnight

In-Class: (Continued)

- (Stress--each person's project or work is dependent upon past performances of other students or "owners." Discover as many areas as possible where neglect by one individual will affect many others.

Audio-Visual:

Resin-mixing ingredients in singular form and comparison display in mixed form.

Community:



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Extra Credit Topics and Terms for Students Environmental Study and Exploration.

PLASTICS

Students are to relate information involving these terms to the environment in a written or oral report.

- 1. Non-degradable Substances
- 2. Heat in relation to manufacture
- 3. Use of solvents and acids
- 4. Air pollution by burning
- 5. Welding of plastics

E. S. E. A. Title III - Pi	OJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135-	-4
Demonstrate an appreciation for the value of the sun's energy for type composition by citing examples of the power of the laser.	Explain in writing how a laser basically operates and how it is used for the composition of printed matter.	CONCEPT NO. 1 - Energy
lasers and how they are applied. 2. Different energy's from the sun that are used for the life process. 3. Man's future uses of the laser beams.	tudent will paper on y and hist tudent will sting the sers that the sun and zed in the try. report on:	SUBJECT SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT STUDENT-CENTERED
purposes, manufacturing, etc.	A. Physics teacher to explain lasers and their uses. B. Physicist or nuclear engineer to explain the history and how lasers are used for the Federal government. C. Local printer who has knowledge of lasers to discuss the use of them in the printing industry. D. Visit to a plant that	Industrial Arts (10-12) Graphic Arts LEARNING ACTIVITIES



Skills Used:
1. Type composition.
2. Physics of light and energy as it is related to the printing industry.

, C



CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Graphic Arts Tech. Found, Inc. 4615 Forbes Avenue
Pittsburgh, Pa. 15213
Tech Abstracts

Audio-Visual:

Hasers: An Introduction, #533313, Univ. of Illinois Champaign, Illinois.

Community:

Local printer having knowledge of laser use.



Environmental:	Integrated with:	
CONCEPT NO3 - Carrying Capacity	acity SUBJECT	Industrial Arts
Crow	Shop TOPIC/UNIT	Graphic Arts
BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	STUDENT-CENTERED LE	LEARNING ACTIVITIES
5 Cognitive:	In-Class:	Outside or Community:
List and explain three physical	A. Conduct experiment around	
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	following conditions:	
	 Develop simple task i.e., 	•
	set business card from	
shop areas. Evaluate crowding	Calif. job case.	,
	Provide only one each	
ing land for food		pdgy stell
	Limit work area to	
CI		
) JE	5. Mass production not	
Affective:		

	feelings experienced during	
crowding results in adverse		
physical and psyc	l. Low production	
conditions f	2. Confusion	
including ma	•	
feasibility of several	•	-
used to counter	•	••••
of crowding in an	6. Injury	-
(C. Discuss what would result	****
		-
		•
Skills Used:	D. Relate experiment results to foncent #3	****
<pre>l. Hazards in environmental crowding.</pre>		
		40 4:00 AM

SUGGESTED RESOURCES CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Graphic Arts, Frederick K. Kagy Goodheart-Willcox.

Audio-Visual:

#53525 Man's Effect on the Environment, Univ. of Illinois. Safety in the Shop, Jam Handy Filmstrip.

Community:

Sociologist. Community planning committee rep. Real estate developer.



59-70-0135-4

Integrated with:

Industrial Arts (7-12)

Paper Manufacture Treatment of Waste Water TOPIC/UNIT Graphic Arts

STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Outside or Community:

in-Class: A. Lecture and discussion by

paper companies." paper mill rep. treatment facilities in "Water

0 water and what they are doing what and who is polluting Question and answer session

E. S.

ment plant in preference to one company having an adequate treat-

even though it costs more.

not having a treatment plant

clean water available. Willing

treatment process which makes

to purchase a product from a

Skills Used:

How paper is made.
Treatment of water after it

Paper composition.

4

Paper selection for specific

is used in a paper mill.

E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E

Appreciate the clean water for

press gratitude for the water

recreation, fishing, etc.

Affective:

Public relations department of paper mill to discuss waste water treatment Field trip to a paper mill.

with E.P.A. rep. to determine Write a short paper on water research. treatment on paper mills using lecture notes and related Machines used in treatment. Results achieved. Chemicals used in treatment. Short and long term plans facilities. for water treatment

φ.

Publications:

Chemical Paper Processing, Stanford, Conn. 06901. One Bank Street Des Plaines, Illinois 60018. American Paper Industry, 500 Howard Street Pulp & Paper. San Francisco, Calif. 94105. 2570 Devon Avenue Hale Publishing Company

Audio-Visual:

Great White Trackaway, Hammermill Paper Company Recycling Paper,
Riverside Paper Company
Appleton, Wisconsin. Erie, Pa.

Community:

Public relations department local mill.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

- Develop bulletin board flow chart showing paper making effluent treatment flow chart.
- Collect water samples from various stages. On a local map, use colored pins to identify paper companies and other industries which use water and return it to the river, lake, etc. (Have the pins denote waste treatment quality.)



5 - Air

CONCEPT NO.

SUBJECT ____

Industrial Arts (7-12)

ORIENTATION Harmful Vapors TOP

TOPIC/UNIT _

Graphic Arts

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	STUDENT-CENTERED LEA	LEARNING ACTIVITIES
Cognitive:	In-Class:	Outside or Community:
List the effects of solvent vapor on the respiratory system.	A. Student will write a short paper titled: "Is Air Pollution Caused By Cleaning Solvents Used in the Printing Industry?"	A. School chemistry teacher to give demonstration on effects of solvent vapor on materials related to human tissues.
DJECT I-C-E	B. As a group, the students will develop a plan for effective disposal of used cleaning solvents. C. Students will construct a safety poster describing the	B. Local doctor to discuss effect of solvent vapor on respiratory system.
Affective: Use safety precautions to pre- vent the breathing of harmful		
	,	
mi were not vented properly.		
E. S.		
Skills Used: l. Composition of cleaning solvents. 2. Effects of solvent vapor on		
the respiratory system. 3. Safe disposal of used solvents 4. Poster construction.	()	43

SUGGESTED RESOURCES CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Graphic Arts, Frederick D. Kagy Goodheart-Willcox.

Audio-Visual:

Ecology and Man Series, McGraw-Hill Filmstrip.

Community:

Local doctor.
Chemistry teacher.



E. A. Title III - PRO	DJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135-4	
Affective: Given a list of environmental conditions, land, man, employment, recreation that are affected by water shortage, suggest solutions to printing operations that use water and how it can be saved.	Cognitive: Explain the importance of water in the printing process. Predict the effect in the printing industry if water would no longer be available.	CONCEPT NO. 6 - Resources ORIENTATION Water Shortage
	In-Class: A. Student will write a Philosophical (dream) paper on what might happen to his environment if there was no water. B. Student will write a letter to the Bureau of the Interior to find out what locales have water shortages and what is being done to correct this i.e. Ventura, Calif.—building	Integrated with: SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT
	Outside or Community: A. Biologist with knowledge of water shortage effects on the total environment. B. Water treatment plant tour. C. Marine biologist to discuss the effects of chemicals on water and their impact on the ecosystem. D. Writing assignment could be an interaction between English and graphic arts.	Industrial Arts (9-12) Graphic Arts



E. S.

Skills Used:

Developing film
a. Inspection
b. Time and temp.

Press operations.

pre-sensitized plates. Platemaking with aluminum

U. S. Bureau of Interior	Publications:	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
I there ethicles to experiment with wave printing		CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Audio-Visual:

#82027, Water-Old Problems, New Approaches, Univ. of Illinois. Ecology and Man Series, McGraw-Hill Filmstrip, Set 3.

ll Filmstrip

Community:

Local marine biologist. Sewage engineer.

1. Have students experiment with ways printing process can eliminate or minimize water use and/or pollution.

Water Related Publications
Dept. of Natural Resources



	E. S. E. A. Title III - PF	ROJECT I-C-E 59-70-013	5-4				
Skills Used: 1. Methods of recycling packages. 2. Methods of designing packages for easier recycling.	Save paper and packages for recycling instead of sending them to the dump.	Write an analysis paper on current, local recycling efforts within the community: a. agencies involved b. participation of public c. amount of material. Compare the reduction in resources when recycling is practiced with when it is not practiced.	Cognitive:	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Packaging for	CONCEPT NO. 7 - Land Use	Environmental:
		 A. Local official to speak on local recycling efforts. B. Students will write a brief paper on recycling in your city and make a comparison of these efforts to those of other cities. C. The student will list the effects of non-recycleable material on land use. 	In-Class:	STUDENT-CENTERED LEA	Recycling TOPIC/UNIT	SUBJECT	Integrated with:
47		A. Designer from packaging company to talk about designing for recycling.	Outside or Community:	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Graphic Arts	Industrial Arts (7-12)	

"Closing the Circle" Keep America Beautiful, Inc. 99 Park Avenue New York, N. Y. 10016. SUGGESTED RESOURCES **Publications:** CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Audio-Visual:

Community:

Package designer. Local official.



E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135 Skills Used: ORIENTATION CONCEPT NO. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES Affective: Cognitive: Environmental: 5.4 status as related to natural Appreciate his socio-economic and processing materials and their availability. Explain and improve his standard of resources on his list maintain resources and how some of the one way that recycling has sources used in metal plates been practiced in the printing List the various natural re-List the various metals used industry for years. in offset printing plates. Cause-effect thinking. Material derivations-Plate make-up. Handling of pollutants where they come from. Plate processing. ∞ Plate-making Values and Attitudes . D . œ Þ In-Class: man's values and attitudes toward his environment. very directly dictate munications (via plate promote the flow of combearing out the fact that Relate the flow of events Discuss plate disposal and platemaking. discussion on plates and produced media) which resources are needed to recycling methods. demonstration) types of Discuss and show (from Lecture--demonstrationpollutants from plates. Toxic materials Acidic waters **Organic** oils Plate making and Plate composition processing. Types of plates STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT Integrated with: Graphic Arts Industrial Arts W Outside or Community: what they are doing about on availability of plate-Have 3-M Corp. Rep. speak Have speaker from local related areas. making materials and other source control, etc. plate-making wastes, reprinting firm talk about QÞ.

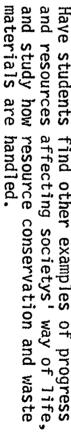
U. S. Bureau of Mines Progress Report, Aug. 1970. Photo-Offset Fundamentals, Cogoli, J. E. McKnight & McKnight.	Publications:	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
1. Have students find other examples of progress and resources affecting societys' way of life, and study how resource conservation and waste materials are handled.		CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Audio-Visual:

Transparencies on plate-making.

Community:

Local Printing Firm Rep. 3-M Rep.





***************************************	E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135-4	
Skills Used: 1. Offset press operation. 2. Design for noise control. 3. Noise protection.	CONCEPT NO. ORIENTATION BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES Cognitive: Identify the machines and/or areas that cause excessive noise and will select appropriate equipment or materials that will reduce the noise level: a. ear plugs b. acoustical treatment of area c. etc. Affective: Demonstrate his appreciation of the effect of noise on the physiclogical system citing examples to illustrate this. Chocse the machine with the lowest noise level as being best for the operator.	
•	Integrated with: SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT A. Lecture-discussion by the teacher or industrial commission rep. on effective noise control and its effect on working conditions. Factors to consider: 1. Frequency 2. Overall level 3. Time distribution of noise exposure 4. Duration of exposure 5. Total work life exposure 6. Susceptibility to noise 7. Noise classification a. auditory b. non-auditory b. non-auditory B. Research activityreport on noise provisions of the occupational safety and health act. C. How are local plants handling noise pollution?	
U 1	Graphic Arts Graphic Arts Coutside or Community: A. Rep. from a large printing company who works in the press room to discuss the noise control in his area. B. Psychiatristnoise control and its effect on the psychological system. C. Students volunteer to interview local plant rep. to find and/or taperecord the answers to in-class activity. Students will set up appointments and have questions approved by the teachers before any interview.	

SUGGESTED RESOURCES CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Graphic Arts Tech. Found.,
4615 Forbes Avenue
Pittsburgh, Pa. 14213.
Env., onmental Controls.
State: Occupational Safety and Health Act.

Audio-Visual:

#80067, Noise and Health, Univ. of Illinois. #53497, Noise is Pollution, Too, Univ. of Illinois.

Community:

Local safety engineer.
Industrial Commission Rep.

1. Haye students design and install noise suppression devices on school machines.



53

Skills Used:

Paper composition.

How to replenish natural resources used in paper

manufacturing.

Publications:

Printing Views for the Midwest Printer & Lithographer, Feb. 1972.
Feb. 1972.
Pulp & Paper 500 Howard St.
San Francisco, Calif. 94105.
American Paper Industry, 2570 Devon Avenue Des Plaines, Illinois 60018.
Ink on Paper, Harper & Row, Arnold, E. C.

Audio-Visual:

Film: Blue Sky Thinking, Hammermill Paper Company Erie, Pa.

Community:

Public relations dept. of a local paper mill. Forester from local paper mill.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES



Graphic Arts Monthly.	Publications:	SUGGESTED RESOURCES	
 Develop a collection of roto plates and examples. Develop a cost analysis of a roto plate. 		CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	

Audio-Visual:

Teacher-made slide series and/or trans. visualizing intaglio and rotogravure process.

Community:

Local engravure.
Local rotogravure specialist.



Bill of Rights in Action: Freedom of Speech, #7147, BAVI.	Audio-Visual:	Publications:	SUGGESTED RESOURCES
	 Develop list of all possible areas where "ownerships rights" definitely harm others. Study further into the ways owners are "held in check" from doing what they want in industry. 		CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES



Local journalist.

Community:

29

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Extra Credit Topics and Terms for Students Environmental Study and Exploration.

GRAPHIC ARTS

- 1. Leads
- 2. Etching
- 3. Papermaking
- 4. Screen Printing
- 5. Press Cleaning
- 6. Photography



597001	35-4	4	****		············
Write a short paragraph briefly explaining the relationship of sun energy to fuel sources.	Cognitive:	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Fuel Sources and the Sun	CONCEPT NO. 1 - Energy	Environmental:
A. Thru class discudevelop a list of fuel sources for ternal combustio	In-Class:	STUDENT	the Sun		

CHRIECT	Integrated
	with:

CONCEPT NO	1 - Energy		SUBJECT	Industrial Arts (9-12)
DRIENTATION _	Fuel Sources and the Sun	d the Sun	TOPIC/UNIT _	Power Mechanics
BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	JECTIVES	SI	UDENT-CENTERED L	STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES
Omitive:		In-Class:		Outside or Community:

30-	Cognitive:	In-Class:
/001	Write a short paragraph briefly explaining the relationship of sun energy	A. Thru class discussion, develop a list of combustible fuel sources for use in in-
	to fuel cources.	<pre>ternal combustion engines. l. 0il</pre>
		a. gasoline b. fuel oil
		<pre>c. kerosene 2. Coal</pre>
JUEC		a. gas b. coke
	Affective:	Natural Gas
· 	energy in raw fuel produc-	4. Wood
	cion, by macing examples.	B. How was/is sun energ
1111		sible for the production of fossil fuels?
C. A		 Define fossil fue
<u>5.</u>		
		C. How is sun energy released from fuel?
		 Burn some fuel oil in a lease.
	1. How fuels are formed.	D. Films:
	 How tuels are retined. How fuels are used. How to conserve fuel. 	

E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E

Publications:

How To Save Your Car and Gasoline, Ethyl Car Care Booklet
P. 0. Box 55665 Auto Mechanics Fundamentals, Martin W. Stockel Goodheart-Willcox. Houston, Texas 77055.

Audio-Visual:

U. S. Bureau of Mines. #52385, Conserving our Natural Resources, Univ. of Illinois. Univ. of Ill., Champaign, Illinois. Atomic Power Today-Service With Safety, #00864, Treasures of the Earth, Refinery at Work, Shell Film Library. Story of Gasoline, ICE RMC, #420.

Community:

- Rep. from petroleum industry.
- Fuel oil dealer.
- Combustion Engineer.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

- Develop collection of "fuels" both raw and refined.
 Develop bulletin board of fuel cycle (sun-raw-refined).
 Develop bulletin board of a refinery process.
- on cars of various weight to determine m.p.g. (optional). Students with drivers license may conduct field test



		E. S. E. A.	Title III - PR	OJECT I-C-E 59-70-01	354				
b. electrical d. exhaust	ed: inciples of imbustion. stems analysisic systems ombustion	fail to function properly are similar to that of the parts of the environment and its continued existence.	Affective: Suggest that the interaction between the four basic systems of an internal combustion engine and the effects pro- duced if one or more systems	Name and compare the four basic systems of an internal combustion engine to the natural systems of existence of an environment in writing.	Cognitive:	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Internal Combustion	CONCEPT NO. 2 - Ecosystem	Environmental:
•	5. Gaugescommunications.	Compared to) e.g. Engineliving Fuelgas, oil electricity Coolingair, Exhaustwaste	results if one of these systems or gauges fails to function properly. E. Compare basic systems and their functions to people living in today's world.	Film on internal combustion. A. Transparency series and discussion of basic internal B. combustion systems. 1. fuel 2. electrical 3. cooling 4. exhaust Discuss function and importance of gauges or performance indicators.	In-Class: Out	STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING	vs. External TOPIC/UNIT Power Mechanics	SUBJECT Industrial Arts	Integrated with:
	63			Sociologist to discuss interaction. Have students find examples in community and determine basic integral systems and their functions.	Outside or Community:	ACTIVITIES	chanics	al Arts (10-12)	

SUGGESTED RESOURCES CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Power: Mechanics of Energy Control, Bohn-MacDonald McKnight & McKnight.

Power-Prime Mover of Technology, Duffy, McKnight & McKnight.

Audio-Visual:

Film: ABC's of Internal Combustion, General Motors.

Community:

Sociologist.



***	E. S. E. A	. Title III - PR	OJECT I-C-E 59-	70-0135-	4			
Skills Used: 1. Hazards in environmental crowding.		Affective: Conclude that crowding results in adverse physical and psychological effects from readings and discussions.	psychological effects of crowding, orally or in writing.	Cognitive: List and illustrate at least three physical and three	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Crowding in the	CONCEPT NO. 3 - Carrying Capacity	Environmental:
65	hat hat ela ela onc	iscuss person eelings exper xperiment. Low produc Confusion Frustratio Irritabili	students, in pairs, will disassemble a single cylinder engine. Provide only one each of tools required. Limit work area to one table. Limit time.	onduct experiment he following condi	STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	e shop. TOPIC/UNIT Power Mechanics	apacity SUBJECT Industrial Arts (9-12)	Integrated with:

SUGGESTED RESOURCES	
CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	

Publications:

Audio-Visual:

#53525, Man's Effect on the Environment, University of Illinois, Champaign, Illinois. Kt 14 - The Ecological Cycle, ICE.

Community:

Psychologist or sociologist. Community Planning Committee. Real Estate Developer.



######################################	E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E	59-70-0135-4	····
Skills Used: 1. Generation of atomic power.	Affective: Deduce from readings and discussion, that there are possible detrimental effects of producing electricity by atomic means, as well as advantages. Delay response to a suggestion that it would be best to generate all power using atomic fuel until he obtains more information.	Cognitive: List four advantages and two disadvantages of atomic energy as a means of producing electricity.	. 4 - Water Water Use and ORJECTIVES
	C. Presentation by rep. from local power company. D. Read text units on Atomic Power Production. E. Debate in class the advantages and disadvantages of Atomic Power Production. F. The students will write a report on the effects on water used in the production duction of atomic power.	films Atomic Power ction, How a Boiling Reactor Operates. trip to a nuclear	Atomic Energy TOPIC/UNIT STUDENT—CENTERED LEA
	thermal pollution.	37 · OO 127 ·	: Industrial Arts (9-12) Power Mechanics LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Power, Prime Mover of Technology, Jos. Duffy - McKnight & McKnight. Geo. Stephenson, Delmar Publishing. Power Technology,

Audio-Visual:

#6373, Atomic Power Production, BAVI. #1706, How a Boiling Water Reactor Operates, BAV Atomic Power Today-Service With Safety, ICE RMC #420.

Community:

D.N.R. rep. Local power company rep. A.E.C. rep.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

- Develop bulletin board on atomic energy production. Develop a newspaper clipping file related to atomic energy production (community involvement).
- determine possible thermal pollution of the water. at various distances from an atomic power plant to Have students measure and chart water temperature



Publications:

Automotive Emission Control, Wm. H. Crouse, Gregg/McGraw-Hill.

The Quest for Cleaner Air, Motor Service, Aug. '71.

Principles and Promises of the Wankel, Road & Track, Feb. '71

Those New Gasolines, Popular Mechanics, Feb. '71.

Audio-Visual:

To Clean the Air, United World Free Film Service, 221 Park Ave, N.Y. 10003. Toward Cleaner Air, Assoc. Sterling Film, 866 Third Avenue, N.Y. 10022. Air Pollution and Cars The Answer is Clear GM Corp. Public Relations Staff Film Library GM Bldg., Detroit 48202. No Time To Waste, Modern Talking Picture Service, 2523 New Hyde Park Rd. Long Island, New York 11040. The 2nd Pollution, ICE RMC #460. Atomic Power Today-Service With Safety,

Community

Local Service Dept.
Oil Company Dist.
D.N.R. Rep.
Big 3 Rep.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

- Write a paper on the development of emission control devices.
- Develop a graph showing % of air pollution by cars.
- Develop a graph of various types of engines comparing (1) efficiency (2) % pollution (3) economy.



59-70-01	35	4			
Write a res on oil pipe their impac environment	Cognitive:	BEHAVIORAL	ORIENTATION	CONCEPT NO.	Environmental:

Integrated with:

ENTATION ICEPT NO. Transportation of Crude Oil 6 - Resources SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT Power Mechanics Industrial Arts (9-12)

		,
	research. (Have one group re-	porting crude oil to refinery. 3. Community involvement.
	overed by i	
	Trans-Alaska Pina lir	
	E Debate pros and cons of the	
	2 Pofinary site?	
	2 Transportation route	
	affect the qualit	
	D. How do the above considerations	
	5. Profit margin	
	4. Distance	
	3. Natural terrain	in transporting crude oil.
	2. Environmental impact	understand problems involved
	1. Cost	resource materials to better
	system?	Investigate articles in
	in selecting a transportation	
	C. What factors are considered	Affective:
	5. Combination	
	4. Railroad	
	3. Pipe line	
	2. Boat	
discuss transport systems.	do you get it to the refinery?	
C. Dept. of Interior to	٠.	
line effects.	Now that the oil is discovered	environment.
B. D.N.R. to discuss pipe		impact on t
transport systems.	Petroleum" or similar film.	pipe lines
A. Oil Co. Rep. to discuss	A. Film: "Prospecting for	Write a research paper
Outside or Community:	In-Class:	Cognitive:
		1
LEARNING ACTIVITIES	STUDENT-CENTERED LEAF	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C-E

Publications:

Free literature from oil companies.

Audio-Visual:

University of Illinois. It Might Have Happened, 4195, Modern Talking Picture Service, Milwaukee, 1696 N. Astor. 450 N. Meridian St. Prospecting for Petroleum, Shell Oil Company #52385, Conserving Our Natural Resources, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204.

Community:

0il Company Rep.
D.N.R. Dept. of Interior

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

- Develop map showing the following:
- Well locations
- Refinery locations
 Well to refinery routes (color code for mode of transportation).
- Severe environment impairment sites and description of cause of impairment.

CONCEPT NO. 7 - Land Use ORIENTATION Effects of Recreat BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES Cognitive: List five ways in which leisure vehicles, while contributing to our economy,	ional Vehicles SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT In-Class: A. Develop (through discussion) a list of factors which have contributed to the development	Industrial Art Power Mechanic ARNING ACTIV Outside or A. Conduct during of the
	Develop (through dia a list of factors where to the contributed to the contributed to the cand popularity of revehicles. 1. Snowmobiles 2. Boats 3. All terrain vehibrainstorm list of contributes to the contributes of the contributes of the contribute of the contributes of the contribute of the contributes of the co	A. Conduct traffic during different of the year, could ber of vehicles ational vehicles ing to total nurvehicles. B. Observe areas reheavy snowmobile heavy and after
Investigate the effects recreational vehicles are having on his surroundings and the longterm effects of this change. Argue the point that while contributing to our economy, the recreation vehicle is changing and damaging the environment beyond its benefits.	a result of these vehicles. 1. Pollution of water 2. Pollution of air 3. Compacting of land. C. Have students project (via small groun conference and discussion) long-range effects of use of recreational vehicles. D. Discuss movement of people to "recreational areas" for usage of leisure time.	growth of grass on trail and adjacent to it. C. Chamber of Commerce Rep. to point out major geographic recreation areas.
Skills Used: 1. Research. 2. Harmful results of leisure vehicle operation. 3. Statistic usage.		73

SUGGESTED RESOURCES	
CONTINUED OR ADD	

Publications:

Audio-Visual:

Maps, charts, or graphs developed by students from traffic survey. Time to Begin, Film, D.N.R.

Community:

Chamber of Commerce Rep.

DED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

- Create map showing geographical locations of major recreational areas and their main type of recreational activity.
- ?
- ω Draw charts or graphs to illustrate results of traffic survey (Community Activity A).

 Keep perpetual survey of geographic recreational area use of students in class. This will not only be of benefit in meeting objectives, but can also be used as a local recreational guide.



Data

analysis.

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

National newspapers.
Auto Mechanics Fundamentals,
Martin W. Stockel
Goodheart-Willcox.
Power Technology,
George E. Stephenson
Delmar Publishing.

Audio-Visual:

Charts from auto manufacturers.

No Time to Write,
Modern Talking Picture Service
1696 N. Astor
Milwaukee, Wis. 53202.
Atomic Power Today - Service With
Safety, ICE RMC #420.

Community:

Rep. from Auto Manufacturer.



	E. S. E. A. Title III - PRO	OJECT I-C-E 59-70-0	135	1	····		
d: buretor adjust cking and adju ition system. Plugs Points	Affective: Recommend a tune-up because of the difference proper adjustment makes in exhaust emission, both from a pollution and an economic stand-point. Will not disconnect antipollution devices on the automobile even when someone asks him to with the reason of increased gas mileage. Support the mechanics certification program as a means of having better mechanics, thereby reducing air pollution.	tune up an engine to reduce exhaust emission and increase engine efficiency. Explain how the increased use of small engines in his area is causing a change in the quality of his environment.	•	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Engine Tune-up	CONCEPT NO. 9 - Management	Environmental:
	and retuse for exhaust emission.	ngines in reall which small changing ou changing ou emission fed engine.	Class:	STUDENT-CENTERED LEAD	-up TOPIC/UNIT	ent SUBJECT SUBJECT	Integrated with:
77		repair shop to dit the importance of tune-up.	or Cor	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Power Mechanics	Industrial Arts (9-12)	

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Power Technology,
George E. Stephenson
Delmar Publishers.
Small Gas Engines,
Purvis, Goodheart-Willcox.
Auto Mechanics Fundamentals,
Martin W. Stockel
Goodheart-Willcox.

Audio-Visual:

#51011, Spark In Time On The Firing Line, University of Illinois Champaign, Illinois.

Community:

Rep. from small engine manufacturing firm.
Mechanic from local garage or service station.



Environraental:	Integrated with:	
CONCEPT NO. 10 - Economic Planning	anning SUBJECT	Industrial Arts (9-12)
ORIENTATION Disposal of Wast	Waste 0il TOPIC/UNIT	Power Mechanics
REHAVIORAL OR IECTIVES	STUDENT-CENTERED L	LEARNING ACTIVITIES
1	In-Class:	Outside or Community:
List three improper oil disposal	udents	Local
	garages to find out	CIJ '
⋨	waste oil	
a plan f	the method i	
disposing of u	40 OS	www.Grid
that could be reasible for the	rot assaulted by the whole	
wild challed in a	dually	-
	posal method discove	
	 Dump in sewer 	

•		
Infer, from observations and		
S	Dump on land	-
posal of waste oil may cause		-
erm	<u>.</u>	-
Choose to dispose of used oil	 Store for reclaim. 	
آب ا		Augul subver
interacting with the environ-	und table d	***
ment in a negative manner.	"How Do These Disposal	
Attack the sale of oil to indi-	Methods Produce Long-Term	••••
the	Environmental Uses?"	
do not dispose of used oil pro-		• ••••
E17		
pollution		
1. Environmental losses as it		
rela		
		-
Oil changing procedure.		Not escrib

Oil Company literature.	Publications:	SUGGESTED RESOURCES	
 l. Have students develop alternative waste oil disposal methods that will not have environmental detriments and/or uses for waste oil. 2. Develop slide series on waste oil disposal methods. 		CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	

Audio-Visual:

Teacher/student-developed slide series.

Community:

Local garages.
Oil Company rep.



Integrated with:

SUBJECT Industrial Arts (9-12)

Power Mechanics

TOPIC/UNIT

In-Class: Outside or Community:	
STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	TIVES

		•
2. Hub lubrication	1. Wheel parts	Study wheels, hubs, tires
	<u>~</u>	 ->
studded tires.	Tire dealer to discuss	Highway engineer.

- fire size
- Tire plys
- ire balance
- Tire inflation Tire composition
- studded tires. Slide presentation on
- How made Uses

Affective:

- Effects on road surface
- Regulations on use
- Comparison to snow tires.
- C. sentation on highway resurfacing due to studded tires Highway engineer to make pre-

E. A. Title III -

car whenever their use is not vital. Defend the laws re-

Remove studded tires from his

S.

as a result of studded tires. basis of loss of resources use of studded tires on the stricting or eliminating the

Skills Used:
1. The wearing effect studded

tires have on highway

?

surfaces.

and economic loss involved in

The environmental problems

highway resurfacing.

<u>∞</u>

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Auto Mechanics Fundamentals, Martin W. Stockel Goodheart-Willcox.

Audio-Visual:

Auto Mechanics: Wheels and Tires, #53620.
University of Illinois
Champaign, Illinois.

Community:

Local tire dealer.
State highway engineer.

The second second



	E. S. E. A. Title III -	PROJECT I-C-E 59-	70-0135-	4	****		
Skills Used: 1. Conservation and reclamation of power supplies. 2. Cooperation.	Assist through work with community action groups to reclaim wasted power supplies and conserve the remaining supplies. Choose to walk to a given point rather than take his automobile in an effort to save gaseline. Consolidate his errands to use the least amount of gasoline while doing the errands.	Analyze a given commercially available "gadget" advertised as saving a specified fraction of the gasoline presently used per mile of travel. Affective:	Cognitive: List the ways man has wasted power supplies in the areas of wood, coal, oil and gas.	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Waste of Power S	CONCEPT NO. 12 - Stewardship	Environmental:
		arly attempts to control. arrent power developments. tudents will develop t of ways men can re- some of the wasted supplies, and a list ys man must conserve emaining power supplies.	A. The students will study, A. D.N.R. to discuss wasted	STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Supplies TOPIC/UNIT Power Mechanics	P SUBJECT Industrial Arts (9-12)	Integrated with:

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Power Technology,
George E. Stephenson
Delmar Publishers, Inc.
Encyclopedias.
History Books.
Power-Prime Mover of Technology,
Joseph W. Duffy
McKnight & McKnight.

Audio-Visual:

Fuels: Their Nature and Use, University of Illinois Champaign, Illinois.

Community:

D.N.R.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Extra Credit Topics and Terms for Student Environmental Study and Exploration.

POWER MECHANICS

Students are to relate information involving these terms to the environment in a written or oral report.

- 1. Exhaust control
- 2. Oil disposal
- 3. Anti-pollution devices
- 4. Solar energy
- 5. Production of electricity
- 6. Heat from nuclear energy
- 7. Fossil fuels
- 8. Noise pollution
- 9. Water power
- 10. Wind for energy
- 11. Wood for fuel

